# APPENDIX I—H.R. 5667

### SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.

- (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the "Small Business Reauthorization Act of 2000".
- (b) Table of Contents.—The table of contents for this Act is as follows:
- Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.

#### TITLE I—SMALL BUSINESS INNOVATION RESEARCH PROGRAM

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Sec. 101. Short title.
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Sec. 102. Findings.
Sec. 103. Extension of SBIR program.

Sec. 103. Extension of SBIR program.
Sec. 104. Annual report.
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Sec. 107. Output and outcome data.
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Sec. 109. Federal agency expenditures for the SBIR program.
Sec. 110. Policy directive modifications.
Sec. 111. Federal and State technology partnership program.
Sec. 112. Mentoring networks.
Sec. 113. Simplified reporting requirements.
Sec. 114. Rural outreach program extension.

## TITLE II—BUSINESS LOAN PROGRAMS

Sec. 201. Short title. Sec. 202. Levels of participation. Sec. 203. Loan amounts.

Sec. 204. Interest on defaulted loans.

Sec. 205. Prepayment of loans.

Sec. 206. Guarantee fees.

Sec. 200. Guarantee lees.
Sec. 207. Lease terms.
Sec. 208. Appraisals for loans secured by real property.
Sec. 209. Sale of guaranteed loans made for export purposes.
Sec. 210. Microloan program.

# TITLE III—CERTIFIED DEVELOPMENT COMPANY PROGRAM

Sec. 301. Short title. Sec. 302. Women-owned businesses. Sec. 303. Maximum debenture size. Sec. 304. Fees.

Sec. 305. Premier certified lenders program. Sec. 306. Sale of certain defaulted loans. Sec. 307. Loan liquidation.

#### TITLE IV—CORRECTIONS TO THE SMALL BUSINESS INVESTMENT ACT OF 1958

Sec. 401. Short title.
Sec. 402. Definitions.
Sec. 403. Investment in small business investment companies.
Sec. 404. Subsidy fees.
Sec. 405. Distributions.

Sec. 406. Conforming amendment.

# TITLE V—REAUTHORIZATION OF SMALL BUSINESS PROGRAMS

Sec. 501. Short title.

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- Sec. 502. Reauthorization of small business programs.
- Sec. 503. Additional reauthorizations. Sec. 504. Cosponsorship.

#### TITLE VI-HUBZONE PROGRAM

#### Subtitle A—HUBZones in Native America

- Sec. 601. Short title. Sec. 602. HUBZone small business concern.
- Sec. 603. Qualified HUBZone small business concern. Sec. 604. Other definitions.

#### Subtitle B-Other HUBZone Provisions

- Sec. 611. Definitions.
- Sec. 612. Eligible contracts.
- Sec. 613. HUBZone redesignated areas. Sec. 614. Community development. Sec. 615. Reference corrections.

#### TITLE VII—NATIONAL WOMEN'S BUSINESS COUNCIL REAUTHORIZATION

- Sec. 701. Short title.
- Sec. 702. Membership of the Council. Sec. 703. Repeal of procurement project.
- Sec. 704. Studies and other research.
- Sec. 705. Authorization of appropriations.

#### TITLE VIII—MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

- Sec. 801. Loan application processing.
  Sec. 802. Application of ownership requirements.
  Sec. 803. Subcontracting preference for veterans.
  Sec. 804. Small Business Development Center Program funding.
- Sec. 805. Surety bonds.
- Sec. 806. Size standards.
- Sec. 807. Native Hawaiian organizations under section 8(a).
  Sec. 808. National Veterans Business Development Corporation correction.
  Sec. 809. Private sector resources for SCORE.
  Sec. 810. Contract data collection.

- Sec. 811. Procurement program for women-owned small business concerns.

# TITLE I—SMALL BUSINESS INNOVATION RESEARCH PROGRAM

#### SEC. 101. SHORT TITLE.

This title may be cited as the "Small Business Innovation Research Program Reauthorization Act of 2000".

#### SEC. 102. FINDINGS.

Congress finds that—

- (1) the small business innovation research program established under the Small Business Innovation Development Act of 1982, and reauthorized by the Small Business Research and Development Enhancement Act of 1992 (in this title referred to as the "SBIR program") is highly successful in involving small businesses in federally funded research and development;
- (2) the SBIR program made the cost-effective and unique research and development capabilities possessed by the small businesses of the Nation available to Federal agencies and departments;
- (3) the innovative goods and services developed by small businesses that participated in the SBIR program have produced innovations of critical importance in a wide variety of high-technology fields, including biology, medicine, education, and defense;

- (4) the SBIR program is a catalyst in the promotion of research and development, the commercialization of innovative technology, the development of new products and services, and the continued excellence of this Nation's high-technology industries: and
- (5) the continuation of the SBIR program will provide expanded opportunities for one of the Nation's vital resources, its small businesses, will foster invention, research, and technology, will create jobs, and will increase this Nation's competitiveness in international markets.

#### SEC. 103. EXTENSION OF SBIR PROGRAM.

Section 9(m) of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 638(m)) is amended to read as follows:

"(m) TERMINATION.—The authorization to carry out the Small Business Innovation Research Program established under this section shall terminate on September 30, 2008.".

#### SEC. 104. ANNUAL REPORT.

Section 9(b)(7) of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 638(b)(7)) is amended by striking "and the Committee on Small Business of the House of Representatives" and inserting ", and to the Committee on Science and the Committee on Small Business of the House of Representatives,".

#### SEC. 105. THIRD PHASE ASSISTANCE.

Section 9(e)(4)(C)(i) of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 638(e)(4)(C)(i)) is amended by striking "; and" and inserting

#### SEC. 106. REPORT ON PROGRAMS FOR ANNUAL PERFORMANCE PLAN.

Section 9(g) of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 638(g)) is amended-

(1) in paragraph (7), by striking "and" at the end;(2) in paragraph (8), by striking the period at the end and inserting a semicolon; and

(3) by adding at the end the following:

"(9) include, as part of its annual performance plan as required by subsections (a) and (b) of section 1115 of title 31, United States Code, a section on its SBIR program, and shall submit such section to the Committee on Small Business of the Senate, and the Committee on Science and the Committee on Small Business of the House of Representatives; and".

#### SEC. 107. OUTPUT AND OUTCOME DATA.

(a) Collection.—Section 9(g) of the Small Business Act (15) U.S.C. 638(g)), as amended by section 106 of this Act, is further amended by adding at the end the following:

"(10) collect, and maintain in a common format in accordance with subsection (v), such information from awardees as is necessary to assess the SBIR program, including information necessary to maintain the database described in subsection (k)."

(b) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—Section 9(b)(7) of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 638(b)(7)), as amended by section 104 of this Act, is further amended by inserting before the period at the end ". including the data on output and outcomes collected pursuant to subsections (g)(10) and (o)(9), and a description of the extent to which Federal agencies are providing in a timely manner information needed to maintain the database described in subsection (k)".

(c) Database.—Section 9(k) of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 638(k)) is amended to read as follows:

"(k) Database.—

"(1) PUBLIC DATABASE.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of the Small Business Innovation Research Program Reauthorization Act of 2000, the Administrator shall develop, maintain, and make available to the public a searchable, up-to-date, electronic database that includes—

"(A) the name, size, location, and an identifying number assigned by the Administrator, of each small business concern that has received a first phase or second phase

SBIR award from a Federal agency;

"(B) a description of each first phase or second phase SBIR award received by that small business concern, including—

"(i) an abstract of the project funded by the award, excluding any proprietary information so identified by

the small business concern;

"(ii) the Federal agency making the award; and

"(iii) the date and amount of the award;

"(C) an identification of any business concern or subsidiary established for the commercial application of a product or service for which an SBIR award is made; and

"(D) information regarding mentors and Mentoring

Networks, as required by section 35(d).

"(2) GOVERNMENT DATABASE.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of the Small Business Innovation Research Program Reauthorization Act of 2000, the Administrator, in consultation with Federal agencies required to have an SBIR program pursuant to subsection (f)(1), shall develop and maintain a database to be used solely for SBIR program evaluation that—

"(A) contains for each second phase award made by

a Federal agency—

"(i) information collected in accordance with paragraph (3) on revenue from the sale of new products or services resulting from the research conducted under the award;

"(ii) information collected in accordance with paragraph (3) on additional investment from any source, other than first phase or second phase SBIR or STTR awards, to further the research and development conducted under the award; and

"(iii) any other information received in connection with the award that the Administrator, in conjunction with the SBIR program managers of Federal agencies,

considers relevant and appropriate;

"(B) includes any narrative information that a small business concern receiving a second phase award voluntarily submits to further describe the outputs and outcomes of its awards;

"(C) includes for each applicant for a first phase or second phase award that does not receive such an award—

"(i) the name, size, and location, and an identifying number assigned by the Administration;

(ii) an abstract of the project; and

- "(iii) the Federal agency to which the application was made;
- "(D) includes any other data collected by or available to any Federal agency that such agency considers may be useful for SBIR program evaluation; and
- "(E) is available for use solely for program evaluation purposes by the Federal Government or, in accordance with policy directives issued by the Administration, by other authorized persons who are subject to a use and nondisclosure agreement with the Federal Government covering the use of the database.

"(3) Updating information for database.—

- "(A) IN GENERAL.—A small business concern applying for a second phase award under this section shall be required to update information in the database established under this subsection for any prior second phase award received by that small business concern. In complying with this paragraph, a small business concern may apportion sales or additional investment information relating to more than one second phase award among those awards, if it notes the apportionment for each award.
- "(B) ANNUAL UPDATES UPON TERMINATION.—A small business concern receiving a second phase award under this section shall—
  - "(i) update information in the database concerning that award at the termination of the award period; and
  - "(ii) be requested to voluntarily update such information annually thereafter for a period of 5 years.
- "(4) PROTECTION OF INFORMATION.—Information provided under paragraph (2) shall be considered privileged and confidential and not subject to disclosure pursuant to section 552 of title 5. United States Code.
- "(5) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Inclusion of information in the database under this subsection shall not be considered to be publication for purposes of subsection (a) or (b) of section 102 of title 35, United States Code."

# SEC. 108. NATIONAL RESEARCH COUNCIL REPORTS.

- (a) STUDY AND RECOMMENDATIONS.—The head of each agency with a budget of more than \$50,000,000 for its SBIR program for fiscal year 1999, in consultation with the Small Business Administration, shall, not later than 6 months after the date of the enactment of this Act, cooperatively enter into an agreement with the National Academy of Sciences for the National Research Council to—
  - (1) conduct a comprehensive study of how the SBIR program has stimulated technological innovation and used small businesses to meet Federal research and development needs, including—
    - (A) a review of the value to the Federal research agencies of the research projects being conducted under the

SBIR program, and of the quality of research being conducted by small businesses participating under the program, including a comparison of the value of projects conducted under the SBIR program to those funded by other Federal research and development expenditures;

(B) to the extent practicable, an evaluation of the economic benefits achieved by the SBIR program, including the economic rate of return, and a comparison of the economic benefits, including the economic rate of return, achieved by the SBIR program with the economic benefits, including the economic rate of return, of other Federal research and development expenditures; (C) an evaluation of the noneconomic benefits achieved

by the SBIR program over the life of the program;

(D) a comparison of the allocation for fiscal year 2000 of Federal research and development funds to small businesses with such allocation for fiscal year 1983, and an analysis of the factors that have contributed to such allocation; and

(E) an analysis of whether Federal agencies, in fulfilling their procurement needs, are making sufficient effort to use small businesses that have completed a second phase award under the SBIR program; and

(2) make recommendations with respect to-

(A) measures of outcomes for strategic plans submitted under section 306 of title 5, United States Code, and performance plans submitted under section 1115 of title 31, United States Code, of each Federal agency participating in the SBIR program;

(B) whether companies who can demonstrate project feasibility, but who have not received a first phase award, should be eligible for second phase awards, and the potential impact of such awards on the competitive selection

process of the program;

(C) whether the Federal Government should be permitted to recoup some or all of its expenses if a controlling interest in a company receiving an SBIR award is sold to a foreign company or to a company that is not a small business concern:

(D) how to increase the use by the Federal Government in its programs and procurements of technology-oriented small businesses; and

(E) improvements to the SBIR program, if any are considered appropriate.

(b) Participation by Small Business.—

- (1) IN GENERAL.—In a manner consistent with law and with National Research Council study guidelines and procedures, knowledgeable individuals from the small business community with experience in the SBIR program shall be included-
  - (A) in any panel established by the National Research Council for the purpose of performing the study conducted under this section: and
  - (B) among those who are asked by the National Research Council to peer review the study.
- (2) CONSULTATION.—To ensure that the concerns of small business are appropriately considered under this subsection,

the National Research Council shall consult with and consider the views of the Office of Technology and the Office of Advocacy of the Small Business Administration and other interested parties, including entities, organizations, and individuals actively engaged in enhancing or developing the technological capabilities of small business concerns.

- (c) PROGRESS REPORTS.—The National Research Council shall provide semiannual progress reports on the study conducted under this section to the Committee on Science and the Committee on Small Business of the House of Representatives, and to the Committee on Small Business of the Senate.
- (d) Report.—The National Research Council shall transmit to the heads of agencies entering into an agreement under this section and to the Committee on Science and the Committee on Small Business of the House of Representatives, and to the Committee on Small Business of the Senate—
  - (1) not later than 3 years after the date of the enactment of this Act, a report including the results of the study conducted under subsection (a)(1) and recommendations made under subsection (a)(2); and
  - (2) not later than 6 years after that date of the enactment, an update of such report.

#### SEC. 109. FEDERAL AGENCY EXPENDITURES FOR THE SBIR PROGRAM.

Section 9(i) of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 638(i)) is amended—

- (1) by striking "(i) Each Federal" and inserting the following:
- "(i) ANNUAL REPORTING.—
  - "(1) IN GENERAL.—Each Federal"; and (2) by adding at the end the following:
  - "(2) CALCULATION OF EXTRAMURAL BUDGET.—
  - "(A) METHODOLOGY.—Not later than 4 months after the date of the enactment of each appropriations Act for a Federal agency required by this section to have an SBIR program, the Federal agency shall submit to the Administrator a report, which shall include a description of the methodology used for calculating the amount of the extramural budget of that Federal agency.
  - "(B) ADMINISTRATOR'S ANALYSIS.—The Administrator shall include an analysis of the methodology received from each Federal agency referred to in subparagraph (A) in the report required by subsection (b)(7).".

#### SEC. 110. POLICY DIRECTIVE MODIFICATIONS.

Section 9(j) of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 638(j)) is amended by adding at the end the following:

- "(3) Additional modifications.—Not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of the Small Business Innovation Research Program Reauthorization Act of 2000, the Administrator shall modify the policy directives issued pursuant to this subsection—
  - "(A) to clarify that the rights provided for under paragraph (2)(A) apply to all Federal funding awards under this section, including the first phase (as described in subsection (e)(4)(A)), the second phase (as described in subsection (e)(4)(B)), and the third phase (as described in subsection (e)(4)(C));

"(B) to provide for the requirement of a succinct commercialization plan with each application for a second phase award that is moving toward commercialization;

(C) to require agencies to report to the Administration, not less frequently than annually, all instances in which an agency pursued research, development, or production of a technology developed by a small business concern using an award made under the SBIR program of that agency, and determined that it was not practicable to enter into a follow-on non-SBIR program funding agreement with the small business concern, which report shall include, at a minimum-

"(i) the reasons why the follow-on funding agreement with the small business concern was not practicable:

"(ii) the identity of the entity with which the agency contracted to perform the research, development, or production; and

(iii) a description of the type of funding agreement under which the research, development, or production

was obtained; and

"(D) to implement subsection (v), including establishing standardized procedures for the provision of information pursuant to subsection (k)(3).".

#### SEC. 111. FEDERAL AND STATE TECHNOLOGY PARTNERSHIP PRO-GRAM.

(a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that—

(1) programs to foster economic development among small

high-technology firms vary widely among the States;

(2) States that do not aggressively support the development of small high-technology firms, including participation by small business concerns in the SBIR program, are at a competitive disadvantage in establishing a business climate that is conducive to technology development; and

(3) building stronger national, State, and local support for science and technology research in these disadvantaged States will expand economic opportunities in the United States, create jobs, and increase the competitiveness of the United

States in the world market.

- (b) Federal and State Technology Partnership Program.— The Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 631 et seq.) is amended—
  - (1) by redesignating section 34 as section 36; and (2) by inserting after section 33 the following:

#### "SEC. 34. FEDERAL AND STATE TECHNOLOGY PARTNERSHIP PRO-GRAM.

"(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section and section 35, the following definitions apply:

"(1) APPLICANT.—The term 'applicant' means an entity, organization, or individual that submits a proposal for an award

or a cooperative agreement under this section.

"(2) BUSINESS ADVICE AND COUNSELING.—The term 'business advice and counseling' means providing advice and assistance on matters described in section 35(c)(2)(B) to small business concerns to guide them through the SBIR and STTR program process, from application to award and successful completion of each phase of the program.

- "(3) FAST PROGRAM.—The term 'FAST program' means the Federal and State Technology Partnership Program established under this section.
- "(4) MENTOR.—The term 'mentor' means an individual described in section 35(c)(2).
- "(5) MENTORING NETWORK.—The term 'Mentoring Network' means an association, organization, coalition, or other entity (including an individual) that meets the requirements of section
- "(6) RECIPIENT.—The term 'recipient' means a person that receives an award or becomes party to a cooperative agreement under this section.

"(7) SBIR PROGRAM.—The term 'SBIR program' has the

same meaning as in section 9(e)(4).

"(8) State.—The term 'State' means each of the several States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, Guam, and American Samoa.

"(9) STTR PROGRAM.—The term 'STTR program' has the

same meaning as in section 9(e)(6).

"(b) Establishment of Program.—The Administrator shall establish a program to be known as the Federal and State Technology Partnership Program, the purpose of which shall be to strengthen the technological competitiveness of small business concerns in the States.

"(c) Grants and Cooperative Agreements.—

- "(1) JOINT REVIEW.—In carrying out the FAST program under this section, the Administrator and the SBIR program managers at the National Science Foundation and the Department of Defense shall jointly review proposals submitted by applicants and may make awards or enter into cooperative agreements under this section based on the factors for consideration set forth in paragraph (2), in order to enhance or develop in a State-
  - "(A) technology research and development by small business concerns;
  - "(B) technology transfer from university research to technology-based small business concerns;

"(C) technology deployment and diffusion benefiting

small business concerns;

"(D) the technological capabilities of small business concerns through the establishment or operation of consortia comprised of entities, organizations, or individuals,

including—

"(i) State and local development agencies and enti-

- ties; "(ii) representatives of technology-based small business concerns;
  - "(iii) industries and emerging companies;

"(iv) universities; and

"(v) small business development centers; and

"(E) outreach, financial support, and technical assistance to technology-based small business concerns participating in or interested in participating in an SBIR program, including initiatives-

"(i) to make grants or loans to companies to pay a portion or all of the cost of developing SBIR propos-

- "(ii) to establish or operate a Mentoring Network within the FAST program to provide business advice and counseling that will assist small business concerns that have been identified by FAST program participants, program managers of participating SBIR agencies, the Administration, or other entities that are knowledgeable about the SBIR and STTR programs as good candidates for the SBIR and STTR programs, and that would benefit from mentoring, in accordance with section 35;
- "(iii) to create or participate in a training program for individuals providing SBIR outreach and assistance at the State and local levels; and

"(iv) to encourage the commercialization of technology developed through SBIR program funding.

"(2) SELECTION CONSIDERATIONS.—In making awards or entering into cooperative agreements under this section, the Administrator and the SBIR program managers referred to in paragraph (1)-

"(A) may only consider proposals by applicants that intend to use a portion of the Federal assistance provided under this section to provide outreach, financial support, or technical assistance to technology-based small business concerns participating in or interested in participating in

the SBIR program; and

"(B) shall consider, at a minimum—

"(i) whether the applicant has demonstrated that the assistance to be provided would address unmet needs of small business concerns in the community, and whether it is important to use Federal funding

for the proposed activities;

"(ii) whether the applicant has demonstrated that a need exists to increase the number or success of small high-technology businesses in the State, as measured by the number of first phase and second phase SBIR awards that have historically been received by small business concerns in the State;

"(iii) whether the projected costs of the proposed

activities are reasonable;

"(iv) whether the proposal integrates and coordinates the proposed activities with other State and local programs assisting small high-technology firms in the

"(v) the manner in which the applicant will meas-

ure the results of the activities to be conducted.

- "(3) PROPOSAL LIMIT.—Not more than one proposal may be submitted for inclusion in the FAST program under this section to provide services in any one State in any 1 fiscal
- "(4) PROCESS.—Proposals and applications for assistance under this section shall be in such form and subject to such
- procedures as the Administrator shall establish. "(d) Cooperation and Coordination.—In carrying out the FAST program under this section, the Administrator shall cooperate and coordinate with-
  - "(1) Federal agencies required by section 9 to have an SBIR program; and

- "(2) entities, organizations, and individuals actively engaged in enhancing or developing the technological capabilities of small business concerns, including—

  "(A) State and local development agencies and entities;

  - "(B) State committees established under the Experimental Program to Stimulate Competitive Research of the National Science Foundation (as established under section 113 of the National Science Foundation Authorization Act of 1988 (42 U.S.C. 1862g));

"(C) State science and technology councils; and

"(D) representatives of technology-based small business

"(e) Administrative Requirements.—

"(1) Competitive basis.—Awards and cooperative agreements under this section shall be made or entered into, as applicable, on a competitive basis.

"(2) MATCHING REQUIREMENTS.-

- "(A) IN GENERAL.—The non-Federal share of the cost of an activity (other than a planning activity) carried out using an award or under a cooperative agreement under this section shall be-
  - "(i) 50 cents for each Federal dollar, in the case of a recipient that will serve small business concerns located in one of the 18 States receiving the fewest SBIR first phase awards (as described in section 9(e)(4)(A);
  - "(ii) except as provided in subparagraph (B), 1 dollar for each Federal dollar, in the case of a recipient that will serve small business concerns located in one of the 16 States receiving the greatest number of such SBIR first phase awards; and

"(iii) except as provided in subparagraph (B), 75 cents for each Federal dollar, in the case of a recipient that will serve small business concerns located in a State that is not described in clause (i) or (ii) that

is receiving such SBIR first phase awards. "(B) Low-income areas.—The non-Federal share of the cost of the activity carried out using an award or under a cooperative agreement under this section shall be 50 cents for each Federal dollar that will be directly allocated by a recipient described in subparagraph (A) to serve small business concerns located in a qualified census tract, as that term is defined in section 42(d)(5)(C)(ii) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986. Federal dollars not so allocated by that recipient shall be subject to the matching requirements of subparagraph (A).

"(C) Types of funding.—The non-Federal share of the cost of an activity carried out by a recipient shall be comprised of not less than 50 percent cash and not more than 50 percent of indirect costs and in-kind contributions, except that no such costs or contributions may be

derived from funds from any other Federal program.

"(D) RANKINGS.—For purposes of subparagraph (A), the Administrator shall reevaluate the ranking of a State once every 2 fiscal years, beginning with fiscal year 2001, based on the most recent statistics compiled by the Administrator.

- "(3) DURATION.—Awards may be made or cooperative agreements entered into under this section for multiple years, not to exceed 5 years in total. "(f) Reports.—
- "(1) INITIAL REPORT.—Not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of the Small Business Innovation Research Program Reauthorization Act of 2000, the Administrator shall prepare and submit to the Committee on Small Business of the Senate and the Committee on Science and the Committee on Small Business of the House of Representatives a report, which shall include, with respect to the FAST program, including Mentoring Networks—

  "(A) a description of the structure and procedures of

the program;

(B) a management plan for the program; and

"(C) a description of the merit-based review process

to be used in the program.

"(2) ANNUAL REPORTS.—The Administrator shall submit an annual report to the Committee on Small Business of the Senate and the Committee on Science and the Committee on Small Business of the House of Representatives regarding—

"(A) the number and amount of awards provided and cooperative agreements entered into under the FAST pro-

gram during the preceding year;

"(B) a list of recipients under this section, including their location and the activities being performed with the awards made or under the cooperative agreements entered into; and

"(C) the Mentoring Networks and the mentoring data-

base, as provided for under section 35, including-

"(i) the status of the inclusion of mentoring information in the database required by section 9(k);

"(ii) the status of the implementation and description of the usage of the Mentoring Networks.

"(g) REVIEWS BY INSPECTOR GENERAL.-

"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Inspector General of the Administration shall conduct a review of-

"(A) the extent to which recipients under the FAST program are measuring the performance of the activities being conducted and the results of such measurements; and

"(B) the overall management and effectiveness of the

FAST program.

"(2) REPORT.—During the first quarter of fiscal year 2004, the Inspector General of the Administration shall submit a report to the Committee on Small Business of the Senate and the Committee on Science and the Committee on Small Business of the House of Representatives on the review conducted under paragraph (1).

"(h) PROGRAM LEVELS.-

"(1) IN GENERAL.—There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out the FAST program, including Mentoring Networks, under this section and section 35, \$10,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2001 through 2005.

"(2) MENTORING DATABASE.—Of the total amount made available under paragraph (1) for fiscal years 2001 through 2005, a reasonable amount, not to exceed a total of \$500,000, may be used by the Administration to carry out section 35(d).

"(i) TERMINATION.—The authority to carry out the FAST program under this section shall terminate on September 30, 2005.".

(c) COORDINATION OF TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMS.— Section 9 of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 638) is amended by adding at the end the following:

"(u) COORDINATION OF TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT PRO-

GRAMS.

- "(1) DEFINITION OF TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM.— In this subsection, the term 'technology development program' means-
  - "(A) the Experimental Program to Stimulate Competitive Research of the National Science Foundation, as established under section 113 of the National Science Foundation Authorization Act of 1988 (42 U.S.C. 1862g);

"(B) the Defense Experimental Program to Stimulate

Competitive Research of the Department of Defense;

(C) the Experimental Program to Stimulate Competitive Research of the Department of Energy;
"(D) the Experimental Program to Stimulate Competi-

tive Research of the Environmental Protection Agency;

- "(E) the Experimental Program to Stimulate Competitive Research of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration:
- "(F) the Institutional Development Award Program of the National Institutes of Health; and

"(G) the National Research Initiative Competitive

Grants Program of the Department of Agriculture.

- "(2) COORDINATION REQUIREMENTS.—Each Federal agency that is subject to subsection (f) and that has established a technology development program may, in each fiscal year, review for funding under that technology development program-
  - "(A) any proposal to provide outreach and assistance to one or more small business concerns interested in participating in the SBIR program, including any proposal to make a grant or loan to a company to pay a portion or all of the cost of developing an SBIR proposal, from an entity, organization, or individual located in—

    "(i) a State that is eligible to participate in that

program; or

"(ii) a State described in paragraph (3); or

"(B) any proposal for the first phase of the SBIR program, if the proposal, though meritorious, is not funded through the SBIR program for that fiscal year due to funding restraints, from a small business concern located in-

"(i) a State that is eligible to participate in a technology development program; or

"(ii) a State described in paragraph (3).

"(3) ADDITIONALLY ELIGIBLE STATE.—A State referred to in subparagraph (A)(ii) or (B)(ii) of paragraph (2) is a State in which the total value of contracts awarded to small business concerns under all SBIR programs is less than the total value of contracts awarded to small business concerns in a majority of other States, as determined by the Administrator in biennial fiscal years, beginning with fiscal year 2000, based on the most recent statistics compiled by the Administrator.".

#### SEC. 112. MENTORING NETWORKS.

The Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 631 et seq.) is amended by inserting after section 34, as added by section  $1\overline{11}(b)(2)$  of this Act, the following:

#### "SEC. 35. MENTORING NETWORKS.

"(a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that—

"(1) the SBIR and STTR programs create jobs, increase capacity for technological innovation, and boost international

competitiveness;

- "(2) increasing the quantity of applications from all States to the SBIR and STTR programs would enhance competition for such awards and the quality of the completed projects; and
- "(3) mentoring is a natural complement to the FAST program of reaching out to new companies regarding the SBIR and STTR programs as an effective and low-cost way to improve the likelihood that such companies will succeed in such programs in developing and commercializing their research. "(b) AUTHORIZATION FOR MENTORING NETWORKS.—The recipient

of an award or participant in a cooperative agreement under section 34 may use a reasonable amount of such assistance for the establish-

ment of a Mentoring Network under this section.

"(c) Criteria for Mentoring Networks.—A Mentoring Network established using assistance under section 34 shall—

"(1) provide business advice and counseling to high technology small business concerns located in the State or region served by the Mentoring Network and identified under section 34(c)(1)(E)(ii) as potential candidates for the SBIR or STTR programs;

"(2) identify volunteer mentors who—

(A) are persons associated with a small business concern that has successfully completed one or more SBIR or STTR funding agreements; and

"(B) have agreed to guide small business concerns through all stages of the SBIR or STTR program process,

including providing assistance relating to—
"(i) proposal writing;

"(ii) marketing;

"(iii) Government accounting;

"(iv) Government audits;

"(v) project facilities and equipment;

"(vi) human resources;

"(vii) third phase partners;

"(viii) commercialization;

"(ix) venture capital networking; and

"(x) other matters relevant to the SBIR and STTR programs;

"(3) have experience working with small business concerns

participating in the SBIR and STTR programs;

"(4) contribute information to the national database

referred to in subsection (d); and "(5) agree to reimburse volunteer mentors for out-of-pocket expenses related to service as a mentor under this section.

"(d) MENTORING DATABASE.—The Administrator shall—

- "(1) include in the database required by section 9(k)(1), in cooperation with the SBIR, STTR, and FAST programs, information on Mentoring Networks and mentors participating under this section, including a description of their areas of expertise;
- "(2) work cooperatively with Mentoring Networks to maintain and update the database;

"(3) take such action as may be necessary to aggressively promote Mentoring Networks under this section; and

"(4) fulfill the requirements of this subsection either directly or by contract.".

#### SEC. 113. SIMPLIFIED REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

Section 9 of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 638), as amended by this Act, is further amended by adding at the end the following:

"(v) SIMPLIFIED REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.—The Administrator shall work with the Federal agencies required by this section to have an SBIR program to standardize reporting requirements for the collection of data from SBIR applicants and awardees, including data for inclusion in the database under subsection (k), taking into consideration the unique needs of each agency, and to the extent possible, permitting the updating of previously reported information by electronic means. Such requirements shall be designed to minimize the burden on small businesses."

#### SEC. 114. RURAL OUTREACH PROGRAM EXTENSION.

- (a) EXTENSION OF TERMINATION DATE.—Section 501(b)(2) of the Small Business Reauthorization Act of 1997 (15 U.S.C. 638 note; 111 Stat. 2622) is amended by striking "2001" and inserting "2005".
- (b) Extension of Authorization of Appropriations.—Section 9(s)(2) of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 638(s)(2)) is amended by striking "for fiscal year 1998, 1999, 2000, or 2001" and inserting "for each of the fiscal years 2000 through 2005,".

# TITLE II—BUSINESS LOAN PROGRAMS

#### SEC. 201. SHORT TITLE.

This title may be cited as the "Small Business Loan Improvement  $Act\ of\ 2000$ ".

# SEC. 202. LEVELS OF PARTICIPATION.

Section 7(a)(2)(A) of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 636(a)(2)(A)) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (i) by striking "\$100,000" and inserting "\$150,000"; and

(2) in paragraph (ii)—

(A) by striking "80 percent" and inserting "85 percent";

(B) by striking "\$100,000" and inserting "\$150,000".

# SEC. 203. LOAN AMOUNTS.

Section 7(a)(3)(A) of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 636(a)(3)(A)) is amended by striking "\$750,000," and inserting, "\$1,000,000 (or if the gross loan amount would exceed \$2,000,000),".